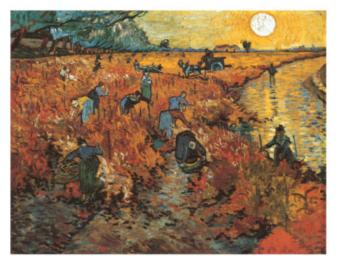
Pastel Painting





Impasto Technique

Starry Night, c.1889



The Red Vineyard at Arles, c.1888

Vincent van Gogh

"The only time I feel alive is when I'm painting."

Vincent van Gogh (1853 - 1890) was a Dutch Post-Impressionist Master whose innovative art influenced modern Expressionism, Fauvism, and early Abstract art.

Van Gogh produced all of his work during a 10-year period.

In 1889, he created 150 paintings and drawings alone!

Tormented by mental illness for most of his life, Van Gogh created many of his masterpieces while institutionalized.

He sold only one painting during his lifetime, "The Red Vineyards at Arles". It sold for 400 Francs, equal to about \$1,000 - \$1,050 today. Today his painting are valued in the millions.

Vincent van Gogh is regarded as one of the most important artists of the 19th century.





Wheatfield with Cypresses, c.1889



Impasto is an art term used to describe *thickly textured paint* that is almost three-dimensional in appearance.

Using an impasto technique often leaves visible brush strokes in the finished painting.

Many times those brush strokes are actually more important than the subject matter itself.



The Green Vineyard, 1888



Trees and Undergrowth, c.1887



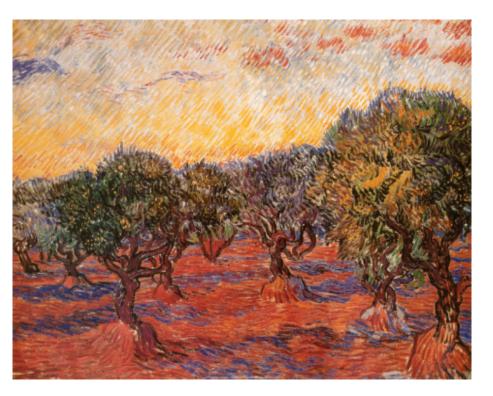
Irises, Saint-Remy, c.1889



View of Arles with Irises



Garden in Bloom, Arles, c.1888



The Olive Grove, c.1889

Can you identify the different techniques that van Gogh used?
a. hatching b. crosshatching c. stippling

d. scumbling



Mulberry Tree, c.1889



View of Arles, c.1889





Wheat field, 1889

Compare and Contrast: Why do you think van Gogh painted the same tree so differently?





Peach Tree in Bloom at Arles, c.1888

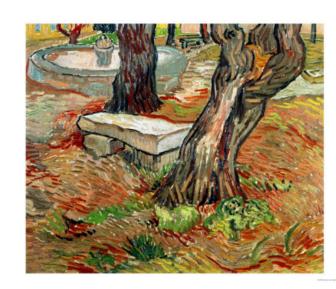


Hospital, 1889

Where was van Gogh standing while he painted these paintings?



The Asylum Garden at Arles, c.1889



The Bench at Saint-Remy, c.1889

Compare and Contrast van Gogh's Landscapes: Where is it? What is the season? What is the view point? How do you know it?





Landscape with Olive Trees





The Peach Blossoms in the Crau, April, 1889





Wheat Field with a Lark

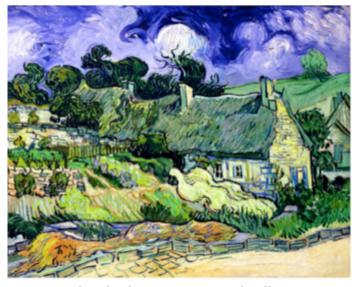




Wheatfield, 1888



The Church in Auvers-Sur-Oise, c.1890



Thatched Cottages at Cordeville, Auvers-Sur-Oise, c.1890

Can you identify the different techniques that van Gogh used?
a. hatching b. crosshatching c. stippling

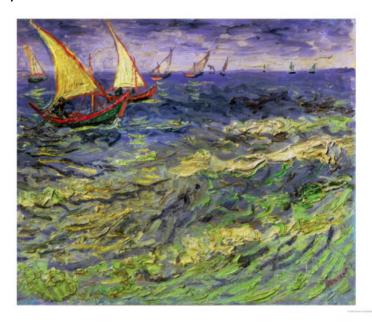
d. scumbling



The Drawbridge at Arles with a Group of Washerwomen, c.1888



Starry Night over the Rhone, c.1888



Seascape at Saintes-Maries, c. 1988



Apples



Pile of Pears, 1887

Still life Panting



Still Life with Lemons on a Plate, 1887



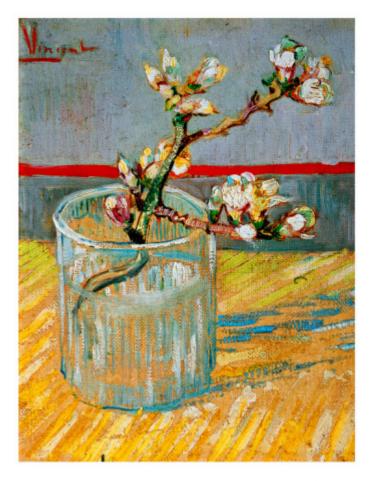
Sunflowers



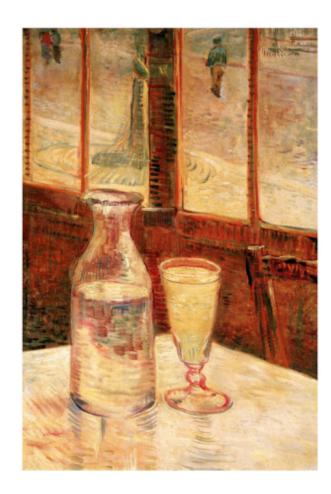
Four Cut Sunflowers, c.1887



Sunflowers, c.1888



Blossoming Almond Branch in a Glass, c.1888



The Still Life with Absinthe



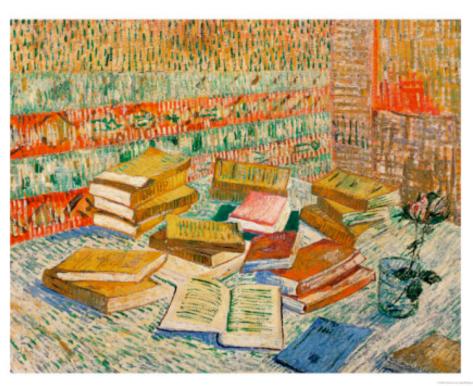
Vase of Lilacs, Daisies and Anemones, c.1887



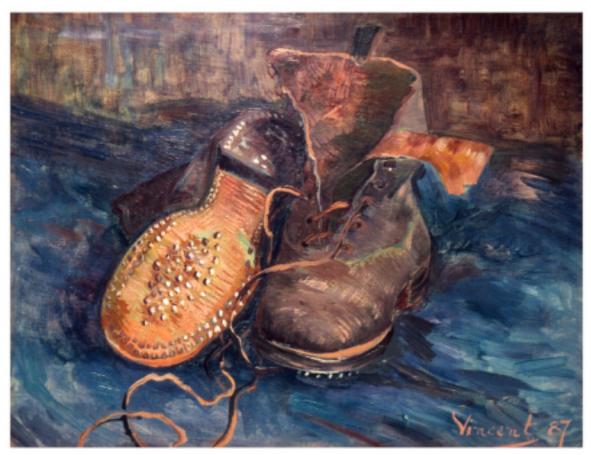
Sunflowers, c.1889



Still Life, 1889



The Yellow Books, c.1887



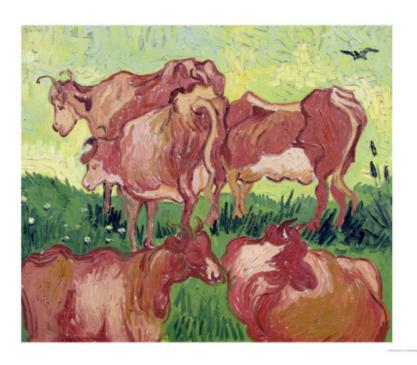
The Shoes, 1887



Van Gogh's Chair, c.1888

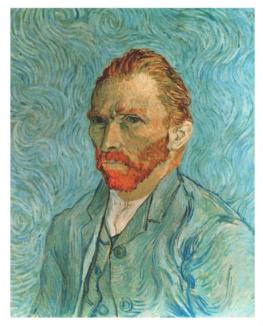


Two Rats, C.1884



Cows, c.1890

Self-Portraits of Van Gogh



Self-Portrait, 1887

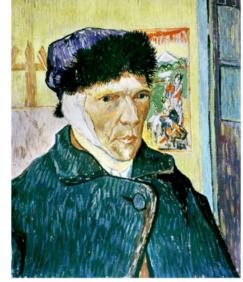




Self-Portrait, c.1890







Self-Portrait with Bandaged Ear, c.1889

- > Based on van Gogh's facial expression, what is the mood in each self-portrait painting?
- > How does color effect the mood in the painting?
- > How does the painting techniques van Gogh used influence the mood of the painting?
- > Why did van Gogh do so many self-portraits?







Old Peasant



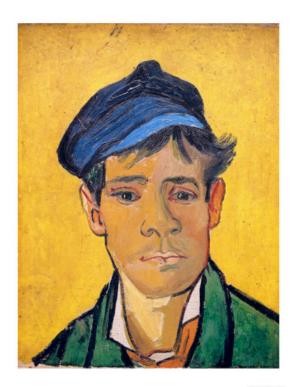
Portrait of Dr. Paul Gachet



Portrait of the Postman Joseph Roulin, c.1889



La Berceuse, January 1889



Young Man with a Hat, c.1888



Portrait of Van Gogh's Mother, 1888



Ladies of Arles (Memories of the Garden at Etten), c.1888

Examples of Impasto Paintings by other Artists















